The Road Ahead

PT with Patty's Balance and Falling Event

March 12, 2022

- I. Why is it important to work on balance-even if you think you're pretty good?
 - A. It's used <u>every day</u> for almost <u>everything</u> but sleeping. i.e. getting out of bed, getting dressed, taking a bath or shower, getting in and out of a chair, cooking, shopping, reaching into closets and drawers, walking or hurrying to the phone
 - B. What are the requirements for the body to maintain balance and function?
 - a. Flexibility/range of motion (influences posture)
 - b. Weight shifting
 - c. Strength-in all muscle groups
 - d. Endurance-better balance leads to decreased fatigue
 - e. Visual awareness-field of vision
 - f. Vestibular/Inner Ear Function
 - g. Best muscle tone possible-decreased spasticity
 - h. Sensation
 - i. Good physical environment-no clutter, no electrical cords, no loose throw rugs, adequate lighting, railings, floor coverings, non-skid shower/tub surfaces
 - C. How much time and effort do I need to devote to improving my balance?
 - a. Ideally 45 to 60 minutes/day. It does not need to be done all at once
 - b. Consistency-think of things you can do every day-throughout the day. Mix it up. Improving balance requires novel challenges.
 - c. Give yourself visual cues to remind you to practice-i.e. note on kitchen cabinet, bathroom mirror, sign by TV or phone
 - d. Pay attention to pain but ask if it seems like a tangible pain to take heed of or is it a discomfort that can be modified by relaxing a muscle or changing your position. Breathe into the area. Dampen the "fear factor". Fear will diminish your balance capabilities.

e. Sprinkle mindfulness of your posture and balance throughout your day and try to ramp up challenges slowly and safely.

D. Today's Practice:

Choose a position that will challenge you. Sitting erect on a firm seat or soft seat, sitting on the edge of your seat, standing with a walker or between 2 chair backs, standing in a corner. **Safety first!**

First try these tasks with eyes open:

- a. Head balanced over shoulders
- b. Shoulders down and back over pelvis
- c. Belly button in and pelvic floor lifted
- d. Buttocks tight and under the shoulder girdles or have your weight equally on buttocks in sitting with pelvis level. Check this by putting your hands on your hips
- e. Knees and ankle slightly relaxed
- f. Feet flat and relaxed

Now-if you feel stable with minimal sway go through these points with eyes closed. If you already feel challenged slowly go through these points again with eyes open